The Grub-ſtreet Journal.

NUMB. 84

Thursday, *AUGUST* 12, 1731.

Different our parties, but with equal grace
The Goddeſs ſmiles on Whig and Tory race. Dunciad. B. 3.

To ULRICK D'YPRES, *Eſq;*
Grub-ſtreet, wedneſday July 28, 1731.

SIR,

THO' ſince your return from your Travels, you have endeavoured as it were to unnaturalize yourſelf by taking a foreign name: yet from the time of your firſt appearance under it in the *Daily Courant*, I very much ſuſpected that you was formerly an old acquaintance, and rival Joker at the Pegaſus. Your ſtyle and manner of dragging in ſtories into your diſcourſe, and ſpoiling them by ſome unneceſſary or contradictory circumſtance, has frequently put me in mind of that old Gentleman. Particularly, when in the *Daily Courant* of *Mar.* 23. you told an arch ſtory of *Parſon* MELCHISEDECK, who, being in Bedlam in 1709, talked of two books, one of which was not publiſhed 'till 1713, and the other not 'till 1730. This was taken notice of by Mr. ORTHODOXO at our meeting at the Pegaſus, and an account given of it in our 65th *Journal*. To this an anſwer was returned, I ſuppoſe by yourſelf, tho' not under your name, in a *Letter from the College in* Moorfields, *to a Gentleman in a College near* Ludgate, printed in the *Courant* of May 4, in the following words; '*Parſon Melchiſedeck* 'ſends his ſervice to you, and aſſures you, that the blun-'dering Fellow *Ulrick D'Ypres* has impos'd on the Town 'a falſe piece of *Chronology:* for altho' many of the Par-'ſon's enemies had often abuſed him with the oppro-'brious title of *Madman*; yet he never found out that 'he was *King* of *Salem*, 'till he had read the * *Codex*, 'which was long after the time aſſign'd by that Blun-'derbuſs *Ulrick*. ——— This I own was a good way of ſeeming to make ſome excuſe for a blunder, which you could neither deny, nor defend: but a way which was more ingenious, than ingenuous.

However, I had not revived the memory of this blunder, had you not thought fit to caſt ſeveral aſperſions upon the Society of *Grub-ſtreet*, in a letter printed in the *Daily Courant* of laſt Tueſday. It has been a misfortune common to our Society with thoſe of the two famous Univerſities, that ſeveral who were a ſcandal to it whilſt Members, have endeavoured to ſhew their little wit and learning in caſting reflections upon us, after they had deſerted us. This we therefore bore with patience, being little moved at the clamour and noiſe of ſuch Apoſtates. But whenever any perſon of worth and character, who formerly has been an ornament to our Society, abſents himſelf from our meetings, and lets fall any reflections againſt us, we are ſenſibly afflicted at them. Eſpecially when by the manner of his writing he ſhews plainly to all the world, that he was once of our Community; and thereby gives an intimation, that he had juſt reaſons for quitting it. As this is the preſent caſe, I think myſelf obliged, in vindication of our whole fraternity, to make ſome obſervations upon your late Letter, in which you repreſent us as *a numerous and diſorderly rabble of Scribblers brought into the field againſt the preſent Miniſtry.*

It is really very hard, that this imputation ſhould be laid againſt us, when we have carefully avoided political Letters and Eſſays in our *Journal*; and whenever we have touched upon ſubjects of that nature, it has been only in relation to the argumentation and diction, uſed by the Political Writers on either ſide. And we take this imputation the more unkindly, becauſe it came juſt after the time, when we had in three ſucceſſive *Journals*, placed the late celebrated Controverſy betwixt the WALPOLEANS and PULTENEYANS, in a true light, by ſetting the objections and anſwers oppoſite to one another in different columns. In reading controverſial writers, Perſons being always inclined to one ſide more than the other, are generally negligent in examining the arguments of both: and among them that do examine them, it is a frequent complaint, that the Writer who is read, like the Lawyer who is heard, laſt, ſeems to have the advantage. Upon both which accounts, we think our method the moſt impartial and inſtructive; and ſhall therefore purſue it for the future in other controverſies that may ariſe. And to this we are the more incouraged by the approbation, which, we hear, was publickly given to our *Journals* by ſome very Great Perſons at Hampton-Court: neither do we at all regard the cenſures paſſed upon us by ſome Party-men of different perſuaſions. Thoſe cenſures ſhew a true party ſpirit, which deſires, that only the writings of one ſide of the queſtion ſhould be read; and confirm us the more in the opinion of the reaſonableneſs of our conduct and method.

We are at preſent, it is true, in a very odd ſituation: on one ſide you charge us with 'being engaged by the 'goodneſs of pay, or the hopes of plunder, to write againſt 'the Miniſtry; on the other, it is aſſerted in the laſt *Craftſman*, that 'the whole Province of *Grub-ſtreet* 'has been taken into double pay, upon this important 'occaſion, to write for the Miniſtry. That one of theſe contradictory aſſertions is not true, every one muſt own at the firſt repetition; and that one of the accuſations neceſſarily clears us of the other: but a few words will ſoon make it evident that they are both falſe. —— The Province, or rather the States, of *Grub-ſtreet*, like thoſe of Switzerland, never enter into any alliance offenſive and defenſive with any one contending Power, againſt another; but wiſely keep themſelves in an exact neutrality. At the ſame time, their private Members are ready to ingage on either ſide for good pay, without ever inquiring into the merits of the cauſe. And when thus ingaged, it muſt be owned, they act with great fidelity, encountering with as much earneſtneſs and animoſity, as if the cauſe which they defended were their own. And as they perfectly underſtand each others weapons, and way of managing them, the fight is generally very long and obſtinate, and they ſeldom give any quarter. —— This may ſeem a little too barbarous in perſons of the ſame fraternity: but it will appear leſs ſtrange if we conſider two circumſtances. One is, that both Parties amongſt us, tho' they employ theſe Mercenaries, abſolutely deny that they do it; and ſtill upbraid each other with employing them. The other, that theſe Mercenaries themſelves diſclaim the name of *Grubeans*, and object it to one another by way of reproach. How this honourable appellation came to be accounted a mark of infamy, I ſhall not at preſent inquire; deſigning in a little time to communicate to the world a Diſſertation on this ſubject, wherein I have examined this matter to the bottom, and fully proved, that the title of *Grubean* is as reputable, as that of *Academician* in France, or of Fellow of any College or Society in Great Britain.

One thing is very remarkable, and much for the reputation of our Society, that thoſe, who endeavour to caſt reflections upon us, do it very often in ſuch a manner, that even their intended ſatire is a real panegyric. Of this, Sir, you have given us an illuſtrious inſtance in your letter; where accuſing us as enemies to the Government, you repreſent us under the deſcription of *ſome ſhatter'd Infantry from* Grub ſtreet, *the Forlorn Hope of the Party.* ---Not being acquainted ſo much with military as civil affairs, you was deceived, I imagine, by the term *Forlorn Hope*, which raiſed in your mind a deſpicable idea. Whereas, had you ſearched into the true meaning of it, you would have found it to have a noble and heroic ſignification. And therefore the next time you have occaſion to borrow ſome term from any Art or Science, which you do not underſtand, which, I apprehend, will be the next time you write; I beg you to conſult a very famous book publiſhed by that eminent Member of our Society N. BAILEY, Φιλολογος, I mean his *Etymological Dictionary*; a book neceſſary to be frequently conſulted by all thoſe, who without learning pretend to write ſenſe and Engliſh. There you might have found '*The Forlorn Hope* of an ar-'my (ſo called from the greatneſs of their danger) to be 'men detached from ſeveral regiments, or otherwiſe ap-'pointed to give the firſt onſet in battle, or to begin the 'attack of a beſieged place. —— But out of the reſpect I bear for you, as formerly an ornament to our Community, I will rather impute this miſtake to the Printer (as my Brother the ORATOR imputes all his) and imagine by an obvious various lection, that inſtead of *ſhatter'd*, you wrote *tatter'd*. This will perfectly reconcile your deſcription with that of our Brother BAILEY: for tho' *ſhatter'd Infantry* are very improper *to give the firſt onſet in battle, or to begin the attack of a beſieged place*; yet all military perſons muſt own, that *tatter'd Infantry* may be very proper for ſuch deſperate ſervice. This conjecture is confirmed by the real circumſtances of the Grubean Infantry, which, before they are taken into the ſervice of a Miniſtry, are generally in a *tatter'd* condition; as afterwards, through the fortune of war, they are frequently put into a *ſhatter'd* one. [*To be continued.*]

* Gibſon's *Codex Juris Eccleſi Anglicani, &c.*

SIR,

THE noble and ancient Society of St——e-Irn, having lately transform'd their Hall into a Church, a friend of mine, who would willingly be thought a Brother of yours, wrote upon that occaſion the following deſcription off hand: if you think there is any true Grubean ſpirit in it, let it have a place in your next Paper; if not, commit it to the flames. I am, Sir,

Holborn, July 10, 1731. Your admirer, and moſt humble ſervant, *B. A.*

In nova fert animus mutatas dicere formas,
Corpo a. Ovid.

Near Holborn-bars, that diſmal place,
Which leads to ſhame and foul diſgrace;
To Tybourn tree, that grim triangle,
Where little rogues ſo often dangle;
There ſtands a little Inn of Court,
Where crowds of wiſeacres reſort,
To plunge into the rav'nous maw
Of that fell monſter call'd the Law.

Within this Inn there is a Hall,
* Where noiſy L--y—rs us'd to bawl,
Diſpute and lye, as ſome folks think,
But oftener much to eat and drink,
Does lift its ſhatter'd head, ſo humble,
As if 'twou'd ev'ry moment tumble.

Of this the Muſe a change ſhall tell:
Apollo grant ſhe do it well.
Fam'd OVID, if you pleaſe to look,
Has not one ſuch in all his book;
Tho' once he told us of a yeoman,
(If I miſtake not) nam'd *Philemon*;
Whom Saints from heav'n, to play their farce on,
Did metamorphoſe to a Parſon;
And as he lov'd religion well
Into a Church transform'd his cell.
Strange is that tale: but ſomething ſtranger
Is this I tell, the ſudden change here:
And yet 'tis truer; therefore better,
As well in matter, as in metre.

This Hall, at firſt for Law deſign'd,
To Goſpel now with age inclin'd,
(A place, which once ſome play'd the knave in,
They now pretend their ſouls to ſave in,)
Transform'd to † Church without a ſteeple,
Hopes by the pray'rs of Chriſtian people,
In its late years it may atone
For ills, which here in youth were done.
Thus ſome old Rake, by age and poxes
Forc'd to give o'er amours and doxies,
Turns Saint t' eſcape old Satan's clutches,
And hopes to get to heav'n on crutches,

But to proceed by juſt degrees:
The board, where Clients paid their fees,
On which were ſhar'd great ſums of wealth,
As robbers ſhare their gains from ſtealth,
A pulpit grew. —— Its love of gain
May it not thus transform'd retain;
Nor the learn'd Prieſt refuſe to preach
Unleſs the caſh is in his reach.

The table too, as I'm a ſinner,
On which was diſh'd up many a dinner,
Converted now to deſk appears,
And fills no longer mouths, but ears.
For there the Clerk to diſmal note
With Sternhold's rhimes extends his throat;
Which all their teeth on edge do ſet,
And to their ſtomachs give a whet.

How'e'er this Song of godly ſort,
Tho' 'tis not very ſweet, is ſhort.
The deſk of roaſt-meat ſmells ſo ſtrong,
It makes the Clerk for dinner long,
And call a ſingle ſtaff in haſte,
That what he ſmells he ſoon may taſte.

* 10, 11, 12. The Society us'd to diſpute here concerning matters of law, and in Term time to dine in commons.

† It is not call'd by the Members of the Society a Chapel, but a Church; which we ſeldom ſee without a ſteeple.

Within this Hall each corner hole,
ere many a merry, mellow soul
private purposes withdrew,
ow converted to a pew:
which, preserv'd by former stains,
same narcotic pow'r remains.
d as with meat and wine oppresst
ome here oft lay compos'd to rest:
So now with pray'rs and sermons, more,
To faster sleep composed, snore.

And as with clock each Church is grac'd:
So o'er this door an old one plac'd,
Which us'd to shew the time of eating,
Now tells the hour of solemn meeting;
Summons the L—y—rs here to pray'rs;
Confirms the truths the Priest declares;
That time is short, and fix'd our doom;
That death will soon like *Bailiff* come;
Arrest e'en Bums in retribution,
Bring *judgment* on, and *execution*;
Attended with the dismal doom
Of some infernal dungeon's gloom;
Where fast *lock'd down*, chain'd hands and feet,
Much worse than prisoners in the *Fleet*,
They'll see all hopes of freedom vain,
Themselves us'd worse if they complain;
Find Wardens more and more uncivil,
From H——ns, B——ge, to the Devil.

But L—y-rs, careless of their end,
Nor without interest us'd to lend,
Will not vouchsafe to lend an ear
To all the Preacher threatens here.

In words of Sacred Writ we're told,
That once, amorg the Jews of old,
(And since, I fear, the same has been
'Mongst Jewish Christians often seen)
The *House* of God a *Den* was made,
Where *Thieves*, like L—y--rs drove a trade:
But now we see a change more odd,
A *D—n of Th—s* turn'd *House* of God.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

C. *Courant.*
P. *Post-Boy.*
D P. *Daily Post.*
D J. *Daily Journal.*
E P. *Evening Post.*
S J. *St James's Evening Post.*
WE. *Whitehall Evening P.*
LE. *London Evening Post.*

THURSDAY, *Aug.* 5.

The Hon. Geo. Woodward, Esq; his Majesty's Envoy at the Court of Poland, lately arrived from Dresden, waited on his Majesty on monday last at Hampton-Court, and was most graciously received. *C.* ——— Yesterday morning a Messenger came with orders to Sir Will. Strickland, Bar. Secretary at War, to attend his Majesty immediately at Hampton-Court, from which Palace he came late the night before. *D P.* —— The same day the R. Hon. Sir Tho. Littleton, Kt. one of the Lords of the Admiralty, arrived at his house at the Admiralty-Office, from Montpellier, where he had been some months to drink the waters. *P.*

The R. Rev. L. Bishop of Durham has given 100 l. to the poor sufferers at Blandford and Tiverton, &c. *D P.* —— On friday the Court of Assistants of the worshipful Company of Goldsmiths order'd 50 l. out of their common stock for the relief of, &c. *P.*

On tuesday there was another proof of ordinance in the warren at Woolwich, when 71 cannons were try'd; none burst, and but one was condemn'd as being honeycomb'd: we hear it will be the last proof that will be made this summer. *D P.*

Yesterday upwards of 100 recruits were shipped off from the Savoy, for Col. Anstruthers and Disney's regiments at Gibraltar. *P. D P.*

The same day as Mrs. Porter, of the old Play-house, was coming down from Hampstead-heath in a chaise with 2 horses, they started and overturn'd the same, by which unfortunate accident her thigh bone was either broke or put out. *D P.*

Mr. Lushington, Brother in law to Sir Moulton Lambert, Bar. goes Chaplain to his Grace the D. of Dorset to Ireland. *D P.* —— Sir Moulton, Deputy Governor of Tilbury-Fort, together with his Lady, goes over with his Excellency, in quality of Gentleman Usher of the Black rod. *L E.*—The Rev. Mr. Lushington, appointed Chaplain to his Grace will not go, designing to stay at Oxford to take his degree of Master of arts. But his Brother Mr. William, lately arrived from Germany, is to attend his Grace. *D J.* 6.

Cambridge, July 28. Last week the Bishop of Ely visited his Diocese here, and gave an excellent charge. We hear he will not visit the Masters and Fellows of Trinity College, 'till next term. *S J.*

This being the first thursday in August, (according to a very ancient custom) a silver arrow, value 3 l. was shot for in the afternoon about 5, at the butts at Harrow on the hill, by 6 youths of that free school, in very handsome silk archery habits. This annual diversion (at which there are generally above 1000 Gentlemen, Ladies, and others present) was the gift of John Lyon, Esq; founder of the said school. *D P.* By 8 youths, and won by a son of Capt. Brown formerly Commander of an East India man. *D P.* 6.

On saturday last died, at his seat in Norfolk, John Pitt, Esq; Brother to Geor. Pitt. of Stratfieldsea in the County of Southampton, Esq: he has left a widow and 2 daughters. *L E.* ——— This morning died in an advanced age, much lamented by all that knew him, Mr. Green, a very eminent and wealthy Brewer of the city and liberty of Westminster. *S J. W E. L E.*

FRIDAY, *Aug.* 6.

In 1709, he built a Charity-school, and endowed it with 40 l. per ann. for the educating and bringing up of 52 boys and 30 girls; which goes by the name of Mr. Green's Blue coat school. He is much lamented by the poor in the parish, being always their friend and benefactor. It is said he died worth near 200,000 l. *P.* 32 girls. *D P.* Upwards of 150,000 l. *D J.* ——— *This* school *it seems is not only* for the educating; *but likewise for* the bringing up of 52 boys, &c.

A Grant is passing the Seals to Wm. Vaughan of Merioneth, Esq; for Custos Rotulorum of the said County; all Commissions of the peace for the Counties of Stafford, Warwick, Suffolk, and Westmoreland. *D J.*

A few days since, a Sadler in Coleman-street, and a Yeoman of Wood street Compter, together with 4 others, went into the Country a fishing; but not meeting with much sport, set in to drinking of brandy and wine, and afterwards went into the water to bathe; which had such a dire effect upon them, that the Officer died next day, as did the Sadler yesterday morning, and the other 4 continue dangerously ill. *C.*

Yesterday morning —— Woodhouse, Esq; son of Sir John Woodhouse, Bar. was married to the eldest daughter of the Lord Bathurst at Rifkins. *P. C.* At Byfsden near Colebrook. *D J.*

SATURDAY, *Aug.* 7.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint Sir Rob. Baylis. Knt. one of the Aldermen of this city, to be a Commissioner of the Customs, and a Commission is ordered to pass accordingly. *D J. D P. P.* ——— On wednesday four Livery servants were appointed for the service of his Royal Highness the Duke. — Yesterday the pictures of the late Sir Is. Newton, Dr. Sam. Clarke, and Mr. Woollerston, [Woollaston] Author of *The Religion of Nature delineated*, were sent to her Majesty at Hampton Court by the E. of Burlington. *D P.*

On wednesday the D. of Newcastle set out from Hampton Court, with an handsome retinue, for his seat in Sussex. for about 10 days. *C.*

The same morning a privy search warrant was issued out for the parish of St. Giles's; when between 5 and 7 o'clock, about 30 loose and disorderly persons were taken up, and 7 of the most notorious committed to Clerkenwell Bridewell. *C.*

Cambridge, Aug. 5. This week the Master and Fellows of Trinity-Hall have had frequent meetings to examine witnesses concerning Philip Nichols Clerk, Dr. of Law, and Fellow of Trinity Hall, who had been cited 3 or 4 times to appear, &c. and yesterday he was unanimously expell'd, and a copy of the sentence (which is in Latin) was affixed to the College gate. *P.*

We hear, that Sir Hans Sloan, Dr. Stuart, and Dr. Halland, have viewed, to their satisfaction, 3 patients cured of the foul disease, without salivation, by the way of unctions, by Vincent Wing: and as this easy way of cure meets with such good success, it is to be hoped it will prevent Gentlemen going abroad only to be cured of that distemper. *D J.* ——— *I think they will do much better, if they stay, and receive* extreme unction *at home.*

On thursday Mr. Blackmore, a Baker of Highgate, and a Blacksmith of the same place, quarrelled at skittles, when Mr. Blackmore struck the Smith such a blow on the ear that he dropt down dead, whereupon he was committed to Newgate. *D P.*

On thursday the Lord and Lady Baltimore arrived at Gravesend, in his Lordship's new ship, called the Sea Nymph, accompanied by Tho. Bladen, Esq; and his Lady, &c. and yesterday they sailed for Spithead, whence, having visited the squadron under Sir Geo. Walton, they intend to proceed further on an expedition of pleasure. 4 *Ev.*

We are assured, that the Rev. Mr. Bowman, notwithstanding the threatnings of the High Church Clergy, is resolved to defend, with the utmost vigour, the doctrine contained in his late sermon, &c. *S J. L E.* ——— *I wish my Brother would mention* the threatnings; *and let us know the difference of price between a* puff *and an* advertisement.

Yesterday Paulet St. John, of Farley in Hants, Esq; gave 50 l. towards the relief of the sufferers at Blandford, &c. ——— A few days since an elderly Gentlewoman, who had been in Gloucestershire to receive money, travelling in her own coach, was robb'd by a Highwayman near the woods of Chipping-Wicomb of about 300 l. *L E.*

On wednesday died Mr. Rob. Huntingdon, an eminent Apothecary, and Father of the Company. *D P.* ——— On thursday, as James Tully of Charterhouse-square, Esq; was riding to Windsor, he dropt dead off his horse: it's said he has left about 40,000 l. *L E.* As he was walking with his wife and daughter near Windsor. *D J.* 9.

MONDAY, *Aug* 9.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint Major James Fontain to be Lieutenant Col. of Col. Cope's Regiment. *C.* &c. —— Yesterday the Hon. Col. Paget went into waiting as one of the Grooms of the bed-chamber to the King. *P.* —— The Hon. Col. Wyndham, Governor of Chelsea College, is appointed Deputy Governor to his R. Highness the D. *C.*—Yesterday the Rev. Dr. Waterland preached before their Majesties, &c. and the Rev. Mr. Lewis before his Royal Highness the Duke, &c. *C P.*

Mr. Ward, a Messenger, arrived the 29th, sent by Mr. Colman, with an account, that a Convention had been sign'ed at Florence, between the Spanish Minister, and those of the Great Duke of Tuscany for settling the family concerns between the King of Spain his Highness, and his sister the Electoress Dowager Palatine, with respect to the immediate succession of Don Carlos; and that, as a mark of their particular regard for his Royal Highness, the Great Duke and the Electoress had invited him to come and reside at Florence as presumptive Heir to that State. —— The next day another Messenger arrived with letters from Mr. Keene, who says, that the most precise and positive orders had been sent to the West Indies, for preventing the unlawful proceedings of the Guarda Costas; and the Governors of S. Domingo and Porto Rico, most remarkable for encouraging those depredations, had been divested of their employments, and sent for home, to answer for the misdemeanors laid to their charge. *C.* &c.

A few days ago Sir Tho. Crosse, Bar. sent. 20 guineas, and Mrs. Martin, his sister, sent 10, to the Church-wardens of S. Margaret's Westm. towards the relief of the sufferers at Blandford and Tiverton. *D J.*

We are assured by some private letters lately come from China, that the Emperor, with his whole Court, were obliged to take refuge on the rivers near Nankin, on account of the late dreadful earthquake in those parts, which, as it is computed, has destroyed above 200,000 souls. *D P.*

At the Assizes at Gloucester one Mr. Smith, an Innkeeper in Burford, was try'd for the murder of a Farmer at Frogmill, by beating him in a barbarous manner; when after a tryal which lasted near 12 hours, he was acquitted. *P.*——At the races at Lewes on thursday last the Duke of Somerset's horse Grey legs won the King's plate of 100 l. Mr. Rich's Lowther failing lame the first heat. On saturday last Mr. Rich's Merry Tom won the 50 l. *D J.*

We hear that Sir Rob. Baylis, notwithstanding his being a Commissioner of the Customs, will continue a Director of the India Company. *D J.* —— And that Col. Armstrong has received orders to visit the fortifications of Dover-Castle, and also of the several other Castles on the Coasts of Essex, Kent, and Surrey. *D P.* ——— *So the* L E. *Aug.* 10. *but the* S J. *instead of* Surrey *has* Sussex. *Tho' there are no* Coasts *in* Surrey, *there are as many* fortified Castles *there, as in* Sussex.

TUESDAY, *Aug.* 10.

On saturday there was *a private hunt* in the New Park at Richmond, at which were present his Grace the D. of Richmond, the R. Hon. Sir Rob. Walpole, and Col. Negus, with several other persons of distinction, and kill'd a stag; after which they return'd to Hampton-Court to dinner. *C.* —— We hear, that the R. H. the E of Leicester is appointed Constable of the Tower. Mr. Day is made an Exempt of the yeomen of the Guards. *P.*

Yesterday a great part of the Sewer fell in over against the Cocoa-tree in Pall-mall: several men were employ'd to repair the part that fell in before, but they were happily gone to dinner. *P. D J.* —— 98 Dutch ships caught this year, in Davis's Streights, 218 whales: 13 ships of the South Sea Company caught but 5. *D J.* —— *I suppose the* Dutch Sailors *don't swear so much as the* English.

The Collection for the poor sufferers at Blandford and Tiverton, in Aldersgate Ward, amounts to 120 l. *D J.* — Yesterday morning about 4 o' clock Mr. Wm. Green was privately interr'd in a vault amongst the Poor [built for him in the Poor's ground, according to his desire in his Will. *D J.*] in the Chapel Church yard, in the Broad Way, Westminster. *P.* —— *He chose to be* privately interred in the Broad Way amongst the Poor; *and would not have even his corpse be carried in the* broad way among the Rich, *with the vain pageantry of a pompous funeral.*

On wednesday ended the Assizes at Buckingham, when 2 women received sentence of death for the murder of

their baſtard children; and the young Gentleman of Eaton ſchool was found guilty of manſlaughter, for killing his ſchool fellow with a penknife. *D P.*

Our Court has received from Berlin, a melancholy account of a duel lately fought there, between a ſon of the King of Pruſſia's Prime Miniſter, and a Nephew to Gen. Diemar, the Landgrave of Heſſe Caſſel's Miniſter at the Court of Great Britain, with theſe particulars, viz. that during the engagement the former's ſword fell out of his hand, and while he was ſtooping to the ground to recover it, his Antagoniſt at one unhappy blow ſever'd his head from his body, the Duelliſts fighting with double-edg'd ſwords: the ſurviving Gentleman is put under an arreſt. *L E. S J.*

At 12 o'clock laſt night part of the nine companies of his Majeſty's 1ſt Regiment af Foot guards, that were quarter'd in Kent, ſet out from Dartford, with all their baggage, on their way hither, where they arrived by 8 o'clock this morning; and about noon the reſt of the ſaid Companies likewiſe arrived here. *W E.*

On ſaturday a Butcher's ſon in Leadenhall market offered ſome unhandſome action to a ſervant maid, and ſhe in a paſſion took up a Clever, and gave him ſuch a cut a croſs the leg, that it is thought it muſt be cut off. *W E.* — *My Brother* Conundrum *ſaid on this occaſion, that tho' the* Maid *was* in a paſſion, *yet ſhe* acted *very* cleverly.

WEDNESDAY, *Aug.* 11.

Sir Thomas Hanmer, Bart. ſtands Candidate for Knight of the Shire for Suffolk, in the room of Sir William Barker Bart. deceaſed. *D P.*

Yeſterday there came a certain account by Letters from Oſtend of the ſafe arrival of the ſhip Apollo, in the ſervice of the Oſtend Eaſt India Company, which according to ſeveral advices brought by the Engliſh and Dutch ſhips from China this year, was thought to have been taken by ſome Dutch ſhips, who had block'd up the ſtreights of Sunda; but ſhe coming through the ſtreights of Balbai, got ſafe home, to the great ſurprize of many of our Traders, ſhe being the firſt ſhip that has made her paſſage thro' thoſe ſtreights. *D P.*

The Veſſel for diſtinguiſhing lights, purſuant to a patent granted by his Majeſty, was moor'd on Monday laſt at the Nore, for the guidance of ſhips in ſafety by night; which will be a great advantage to navigation in general, as well as a means to preſerve the lives and fortunes of his Majeſty's trading and maritime ſubjects from the dangers of the Nore ſand, and the upper middle. *C.* &c.

The univerſity of Edinburgh have unanimouſly conferred the Degree of Doctor in Divinity on the Rev. Mr. Stevenſon, Prebendary of Sarum, (who was educated at that Univerſity) for his excellent defence of the Chriſtian Religion againſt the objections of Mr. Woolſton, and others, intitled *A Conference upon the Miracles of our bleſſed Saviour. D J. C.*

Yeſterday the Hon. Artillery Company of the City of London appeared under arms, it being their Barns's march, when a fine exerciſe of arms was performed by the Cripplegate and Hanoverian Grenadiers. *D J.* —— *One company of the* Foot-Guards, *wou'd* perform a *much* finer exerciſe *with theſe* Hanoverian Grenadiers, *and make them all belong to* Cripplegate.

From the PEGASUS *in Grub-ſtreet.*

The Gentlemen lock'd down on the Common ſide of the Fleet Priſon (not having been at Chapel ſince the 4th of July) were a ſecond time permitted to go thither, on ſunday laſt; where the ſermon in the afternoon being on *Coloſſ.* iii. 2. the Miniſter, enforcing his text, cry'd out, with great vehemency, *Your buſineſs is above; what have you to do below?* One of the Priſoners took the hint, and, when church was done, inſtead of returning down to the Common ſide, went directly up ſtairs to his chamber. But the Turnkeys, Watchmen and Guards would not ſuffer him long to put in practice the doctrine he had been taught from the pulpit. — The ſame day another of the ſick Gentlemen was permitted to go up to his room on the Maſter's ſide, and being attended by Sir HANS SLOAN is now in a fair way of recovery.

SIR, *Aug.* 2, 1731.

I Am a poor man that get my bread by ſelling of Pamphlets, Daily Papers, Journals, &c. and am often viſited by a great number of your Society, who take it for granted, that they may ſit 3 or 4 hours reading my Papers for nothing. Nay ſometimes they have the confidence to borrow them, and never return them again. Pray, Mr. BAVIUS, inform me, if it be an order of your Society, that every Member ſhall read in a Pamphlet-ſhop, as long as he pleaſes, without paying; if not, pray let this exorbitance be reſtrained by a particular Order; of which, that no body may plead ignorance, it ſhall be put up in the moſt conſpicuous part of my ſhop, by

Sir, Your and the Society's moſt humble ſervant,

PETER SQUIB.

We think, that every Member of our Society ought to have this privilege, provided he will openly claim it, as ſuch, upon his firſt entrance into the ſhop.

Renowned Grubs, *July* the 30th, 1731.

SINCE *I am thought conſiderable enough* (as my brother ORATOR expreſſes it) to be made part of the ſubject of your illuſtrious *Journal*; it may not be improper to give ſome account of my ſelf, my education, and how I came to ſet up an *Oratory*. I was born in the Highlands of Scotland, and tho' blind from my cradle, I enjoy'd that native gift of my country call'd (if I may ſo expreſs it) ſecond ſight. My Education alſo was according to the cuſtoms of the Highlands: for I got a ſmattering of Latin. With theſe qualifications, after various adventures, I arrived at London, juſt at the death of my renown'd countryman DUNCAN CAMPBELL. I embrac'd the happy opportunity of ſhewing my native talent of being a conjurer; and lived a good while by telling fortunes chiefly to inquiſitive maids both young and old. But lately finding by my occult ſcience, that there was a very famous man whom I might rival, I began ſeriouſly to conſider whether from my own abilities I might in the leaſt hope for ſucceſs. His action, elocution, and the language of his eyes (as I hear he calls it, I valued not; but, when I conſidered him as a Linguiſt and Grammarian, I was quite diſmayed. Grammar I was unacquainted with, and as for Languages knew only a little Latin by rote, and ſome broken Engliſh: but you ſoon demonſtrated to me (for yours are every Thurſday-even read to me by my Wife) that notwithſtanding the noiſe he had made of his knowledge in thoſe reſpects, he was almoſt as ignorant as myſelf; even as to Engliſh, tho' he chaunted it a little more mediouſly. *His conſideratis*, I immediately ſet up an *Oratory*; and, as *è minimis maxima*, I only at preſent entertain an itinerant Audience on Sunday evenings, but hope ſhortly to ſucceed in a neighbouring *Oratory*: which if I do, I promiſe that I will have no yearly ſubſcription, my ſeats ſhall be always free, and I ſhall be always your devoted humble ſervant and Brother,

The BLIND ORATOR. P. G.

An Epigram occaſioned by Mr. ORATOR's complaint of being abuſed.

On all ſides 'tis agreed, that learn'd H—— LY's ill us'd;
Yet none e'er, but himſelf, will affirm he's abus'd.
'Tis ill uſage, when eggs at the Pill'ry we hurl:
But it is no abuſe of Sir PETER, or C——L.

FOREIGN NEWS.

THURSDAY, *Aug.* 5.

Yeſterday arrived the Mails from France *and* Flanders.

Paris, Aug. 11. The India Company's ſhips, which arrived lately, bring advice of a dreadful earthquake, which happen'd at Pekin, the Capital of China, on the 30th of September laſt, and laſted near four minutes, with ſuch violence as ſhook all the principal houſes in the city: the magnificent Imperial Palace de Haitien, ſituate near the town, and that belonging to the 17th Brother of the Emperor, were overthrown: The fine Church of the Portugueſe Jeſuits, that of the French Jeſuits, and the convent of the Franciſcans are almoſt ſhatter'd to pieces. Another ſhock happen'd the ſame day, follow'd by ſeveral other ſmall ones till the 2d of October: The Theaulo, or yellow river, and ſeveral others, have broke down their banks, and overflow'd the provinces of Canton, Nankin, d'Houan and Pitchley, where the inhabitants of many conſiderable towns have been moſt of them drowned; ſo that above an hundred thouſand perſons have periſh'd, partly under the ruins of the houſes, partly by the inundation of the rivers. *D P.*

FRIDAY, *Aug.* 6.

Dunkirk, Aug. 5 Our fears and frights are not yet quite over: for we are dreaming every day of naval armaments, regiments of horſe, bomb veſſels, and the like; and we are told, that theſe fits have ſet people a dreaming on your ſide the water. Not a man that carries an Engliſh countenance, is ſuffer'd to come within 4 leagues of the place, without being ſtrictly examined. A few days ago arrived Mr. B —— from London; he came as far as Graveling; but having a ſuſpicious face, he was ſent back again 'till he could get a paſſport from the Commandant of Calais. His friends ſay nevertheleſs, that this was the firſt time that any body ever ſuppoſed him to be in a plot. An Engliſh fregate of 28 guns anchoring in our road, ſet us a dreaming more ſtrange things; but when we found that ſhe came only for a few tons of good liquor, to raiſe a ſpirit in their fleet, they awaked, eaſy. *P.*

Paris, Aug. 3. The King has ſent circular letters to all the Archbiſhops and Biſhops, wherein he declares, That it is not his intent, that the Conſtitution ſhould be propoſed as a Rule of faith, to which every man is obliged to ſubmit his belief; but as an unalterable judgment of the univerſal Church in point of doctrine. — *Aug.* 7. Our Court being informed, that a French ſhip from Leghorn, loaden with cannon, &c. for the Libertines of Corſica, had been taken by the Genoeze galleys, it was ſignified to the Miniſter of that Republick, that it was expected, that every man ſhould be reſtored to his own, and the honeſt Corſicans ſet at liberty: for the King would ſooner declare war againſt the Commonwealth, than ſuffer the French flag to be ſo inſulted. *P.*

SATURDAY, *Aug.* 7.

Yeſterday arrived the Mail from Holland.

Baden, Aug. 4. N. S. The Aſſembly of the Cantons is broke up, without coming to any reſolution about renewing the alliance with France. *P.*

Geneva, Aug. 3. Yeſterday morning our Deputies had an audience of the King of Sardinia at Evian. *P. D P.* The Vaudois having been recalled into their country at the requeſt of the King of G. Britain, are daily paſſing through this city, on their way home. *C.* &c.

Stockholm, Aug. 1. The 3d is appointed for a day of ſolemn prayer and faſting throughout the whole kingdom, when the morning ſermons are to be preached in all the churches upon Ezek. xvi. 8. thoſe in the forenoon upon Pſalm lxxviii. 37. and thoſe in the afternoon upon Iſ. xxxi. 6. *P.* —— *If their* prayer and faſting *were conformable to their* preaching, *they ſpent the day very religiouſly; eſpecially if the State did not preſcribe the* doctrine, *as well as the* texts.

Seville, July 20. The Declaration ſigned at Seville, June 6. by their Britannick and Catholick Majeſties, concerning the acceſſion of this Crown to the Treaty of Vienna, is not yet ratified. Mean while, ſome think that this whole work will, on account of the preſent criſis of affairs, remain in ſuſpence, and be ſpun out into a length. *P.* —— Mr. Keen having notified to their Majeſties, that Admiral Wager was ordered to put to ſea with 13 men of war, and join the Spaniſh ſhips in tranſporting Don Carlos to Italy, his Majeſty has ordered, that the ſquadron for that expedition ſhall conſiſt of 20 men of war; and has named the regiments which are to form the body of 6000 men, among which there is one of dragoons. The Count de Charni, deſcended from the houſe of Orleans, Governor of Ceuta, is to command thoſe forces, and will have under him 4 Major Generals. *C. D P. D J.*

Amſterdam, Aug 14. We have advice, that the Great Duke of Tuſcany has agreed to receive Don Carlos and the Spaniſh troops into his Dutchy. *C. D P. D J.*

Paris, Aug. 15. They write from Madrid, that by an account from Placentia, a convent of Monks there was ſet on fire by lightuing on the 21ſt paſt. and conſumed in ſo ſhort a ſpace of time, that the religious had much ado to eſcape, half naked, with the Bleſſed Sacrament. *D P.*

MONDAY, *Aug.* 9.

Bareith, July 31. Two days ago arrived here an expreſs from Wunſiedel, one of the chief towns of this principality, with advice, that the night before a fire broke out at a Taylor's houſe, and burnt with ſuch violence, that the whole town, which conſiſted of above 500 houſes, was laid in aſhes in leſs than 2 hours; ſo that the inhabitants had not time to ſave any of their effects. *C.*

Yeſterday arrived the Mail from France.

Mademoiſelle de Clermont, ſiſter to the D. of Bourbon, and ſuperintendant of the Queen's houſhold, came hither from Fontainbleau, very ill of a ſwelling in her ſtomach; upon which the Phyſicians and Surgeons ordered her to be let blood 8 times, which has very much eaſed her pain. *C. P.* Very ill of a ſwelling, occaſioned through a defect in her breaſt. *D P.* —— *This* ſwelling through a defect in the breaſt, *I am told was* occaſioned through a defect in the brain *of the Tranſlator.*

TUESDAY, *Aug.* 10.

Moſcow, July 13. The Empreſs return'd hither the 6th, and goes to morrow to reſide in the new palace, which her Imperal Majeſty has cauſed to be built in the German Suburb; which is reckon'd one of the moſt magnicent in Europe, the front whereof next the garden contains 600 foot. *D P.*

Laſt night arrived the Mail from Holland.

Leghorn, July 28. They write from Genoa, that the French Conſul has delivered in a ſecond Memorial to the Senate upon ſome freſh hoſtilities committed on two veſſels of that nation, in very poſitive terms. *L E*

Vienna, Aug. 4. Apartments are fitting up in the Imperial Palace for the Duke of Lorrain, being aſſured that his Royal Highneſs will come directly from Bruſſels hither, without making a Tour to Holland, much leſs to Great Britain. *Ibid.*

Caſſel, Aug. 13. The King of Sweden, our gracious

Sovereign arrived the 11th at 6 in the evening, and made his publick entry. *C. DP. DJ.*

Parma, July 28. Publick prayers are now put up in all Churches for the Dutchess Dowager's safe delivery. *C. DP. DJ.* —*She may be* delivered *of a* Pretender *for all this.* —*Rome, July* 28. When the 2 new Cardinals Grimaldi and Aldobrandini visited the Princess Sobieski, they both pull'd off their caps, as before a Queen, which has given birth to various discourses here; the former being dependent on the Emperor, and the latter upon the King of Spain; and both those Potentates being at present in alliance with the King of Great Britain. *P.* —*Why should the* complaisance *of* two Cardinals *to a fine* Lady give birth to various discourses?

WEDNESDAY, *Aug.* 11.

Hague, Aug. 11. It is not expected that the affair of the succession will be brought to a decision, 'till their High Mightinesses have received the Emperor's final answer, which is expected from day to day. —The news of the resolution of the States of Holland to accede has put the French Ministry into a sort of consternation: hereupon they talk of nothing at Paris, but preparations for war. Several letters from France continue to mention a design of that Court to send for the Chevalier de S. George to Avignon, and perhaps deeper into the heart of the kingdom, only to alarm the English: but that story is worn so threadbare, that there is nothing in the earth will stick on it. —We have private letters, which say, and it is feared too truly, that the Prince Royal of Prussia is very much indisposed in the castle of Kustrin; and considering the inclemency of the air of that place, and the melancholy that must have seized the spirits of that young Prince under so long a confinement, there appears very little hope of his his recovery. *P.*

Amsterdam, Aug. 17. Letters from Gibraltar of the 12th past mention the heats there to be so excessive, the like was never known before; and yet the Spaniards pursued their works before that place without ceasing, even though both men and horses daily fell sick; and that the Governor of Gibraltar prepared on his side, as if at the eve of a siege. *D P.*

BOOKS and PAMPHLETS published since our last.

5. Verses humbly address'd to his Majesty; occasion'd by his Royal Bounty to the town of Blandford: By *Hen. Pitt* A. M.

Philosophical Transactions for Jan. and Feb. No. 417.

10. The Political State of Great Britain: for July.

An Appendix to the History of the lateral operation for the stone: by Dr. JAMES DOUGLASS.

A Literary Journal, &c. for April, May and June.

11. The L. B. of London's 2d Caveat against the Sowers of Sedition, &c. Pr. 6 d.

The present State of the Republick of Letters for July. Pr. 1 s.

On Tuesday Stocks were

South-Sea Stock 101 1 half, 101 5 8ths, without the Dividend. South Sea Annuity 108 7 8ths to 109. South Sea Bonds 6l. Prem. Bank 147 5 8ths. Bank Circulation 8 l. 15 s. Prem. India 194 5 8ths. India Bonds 6 l. 4 s. Prem. Royal Assurance 96 1 half. London Assurance 12 1 half. York Buildings 23 3 qrs. African 52. Three per Cent. Annuity 95 1 half. English Copper 3 l. Welsh ditto 2 l. 10 s. Lottery Tickets 10 s. 6 d. Premium.

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Aug. 5, 1731. **Was published,** *Price* 6 d.

Number VII. for JULY,

THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE: Or, *Trader's Monthly Intelligencer.* Containing (more than any Book of the Kind and Price.)

I. A View of the weekly Essays and Entertainments, viz. Of Wit, Lying; Moral Virtue; a Westminster Abbey Vision; Beauty; Antediluvian Precepts; the late Czarina a Heroine; Female Fashions; Relaxative Diversions; Self-Interest; Greatness of Soul, and its contrary; Solon and Pisistratus; Constancy and Resolution; Alexander and Luther.

II. Controversial Points continued, viz. Answer to the Remarks detected; Mr P———y justified; the M——ry tantriz'd; Mr. P—— condemned; Measures of the Ministry about Peace and War; Mr P——'s additional Defence; the Middlesex Grand Jury's Presentment; Test of Parties; political Honour and Honesty; Lord Shaftsbury and Mr. P——— compar'd; an Evil Minister; Remarks on the final Answer, and Lord B——ke; Craftsman's Justification; Free Briton's Talent; Mr. Piers and Mr. Budgell.

III. Poetry, viz. Odes, Epitaphs, Epigrams, Riddles.

IV. Domestic Occurrences, Births, Deaths, Marriages, Preferments, Casualties, Burials, and Christenings, in London.

V. Prices of Goods, Stocks, Grain, Course of Exchange, and a List of Bankrupts.

VI. Foreign Affairs.

VII. Books, &c. published.

VIII. Observations in Gardening, and a List of Fairs for the Season.

IX. A Table of Contents.

By SYLVANUS URBAN of *Aldermanbury*, Gent.

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2. An History of the Affairs of Europe, from the Peace of Utrecht to the Conclusion of the quadruple Alliance; being a Narrative of the most important Transactions that have happened since the said Peace, and the Motives which have induced the chief Powers of Europe to confirm the same by a general Guaranty. To which is added, A Treatise of the religious and civil Interests of Europe; containing a short Review of the State of Religion, from the Reformation; with the several Advantages gained to the Protestant Interest, and the civil Liberties of Europe, by the late Negotiations, particularly the Avantages of the Quadruple Alliance; with some Observations how far the See of Rome, and the ecclesiastical Constitution, may be affected by a general Guaranty of the chief Powers of Europe. Also several Arguments, shewing that the Romish Maxims practised in some Nations, are no ways suited to the general Maxims and Policies of the present Times, nor to the present Interests of the Roman Catholick Princes and States of Europe. With historical Remarks on the ancient and present State of Europe, from the first Ages of Christianity, so far as the Affairs of all Nations have been guided and influenced by the Prevalency of the Ecclesiastical Power over the Civil. By William Gibson. Price 5 s.

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7. Of Mayors and Bailiffs of Towns.
8. Of Clerks of Markets and Toll-Takers.
9. Of Sheriffs of Counties.
10. Of Under-Sheriffs, and their Bailiffs, &c.
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Impensis B. Motte, juxta medii Templi Portam in Vico vulgo vocato Fleet-street.

To Mr. John Moore, *Apothecary, in Laurence-Pountney's-Lane, the first great Gates on the left Hand from Cannon-street, London.*

SIR, *Ripon, June* 28, 1731.

I Received your Worm Medicines, and took them according to your Order, and they brought away from me this great Worm, which was about three Yards and a half long, to the great Wonder of all People round about us; and a great many Country People sent for the Worm to see it. I have sent it, according to your Order, in a Bottle by by the Bearer, and a great many tell me they will send for your Worm Medicines. I have been a great deal better until now, that I am a little sickish in the Morning, and the same Worms come from me now as before: I desire you would be pleased to send me a sufficient Quantity of Medicines to thoroughly cure me; the Reason why I sent no sooner was, because the People came every Day to see the Worm, and I kept it to set forth your Praise, which I think is no more than my Duty to do: The Bearer has Orders to pay you. I remain,

Your humble Servant,

JOHN MOUNTON, Junior, Butcher, at Ripon in Yorkshire.

N. B. The said JOHN MOORE's Worm Medicines and Green Sickness Powder, are sold at the following Places, viz. Mrs. Leader's at the Three Tobacco Pipes, a Chandler's Shop in Hungerford-Market; Mr. James Abree's and Mr. William Aylett's Printing-Office in Canterbury; Mr. Benjamin Smithurst's, Bookseller, in Plymouth; and at Mr. Peter Brown's, at the Plough in St. Thomas's-Street, Bristol; with plain Directions by his Order sealed with his Coat of Arms, being a Cross, with the Words, *John Moor's Worm-Powders*, &c inscribed round it. And if any are sold at any Place, except at his own House, without that Seal and Inscription, they are Counterfeits.

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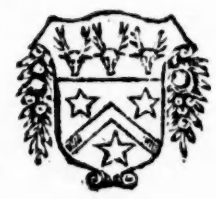

FAm'd and approv'd of for its wonderful and never-failing Success, in giving immediate Ease and Relief in all manner of pains, either inward or outward, and is the most certain Remedy in the World for a sure and speedy Cure of the Cholick, and expelling Wind, Gripes and pains in the Stomach, the Pleurisy, stitches or pains in the side back, loins, or any other part; Rheumatick Ailments, which cause pain and dolor. It hath given ease to a Miracle, when all other Remedies have fail'd; In the Gravel and Stone in the Kidneys, it gives ease forthwith, and brings them away to Admiration. It also facilitates and causes a speedy Delivery in Child-birth. 'Tis no Quack trifling thing to allure the World with, but a real and well-experienced Medicine, not acting by Stupefaction (as Opiates) but by a friendly, balsamick, and subtile Nature, pacifying the most severe and terrible racking pains, and carries off the Cause, not by purging, but by Transpiration, by Urine, or breaking Wind. No Family ought to be without it; and used outwardly it cures Swellings, Aches, pains, Numbness or Weakness of the Joints; 'tis excellent for Cramps, and all other aged Infirmities, effecting Wonders in Agues, Fevers, Small-pox, &c. No Family ought to be without it.

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